Model Constitution	Current Constitution	Suggested New
	1990, amended 2009	
	CONSTITUTION	CONSTITUTION
The society should prepare a version of its constitution that consists of nothing but the society's existing name and purposes, word-for-word as they appear in the society's constitution on file with the Corporate Registry. Any provisions of the existing constitution other than name and purposes must be relocated to the society's bylaws.	 The name of the Society is the VERNON AND DISTRICT PERFORMING ARTS CENTRE SOCIETY. 	1. The name of the Society is the VERNON AND DISTRICT PERFORMING ARTS CENTRE SOCIETY.
	 2. The purposes of the Society are: a. To operate/enhance a theatre in a fiscally responsible manner for the benefit of the citizens of Greater Vernon b. To raise funds by way of public subscription, the obtaining of grants and financial assistance, and all such means as may be required to finance the operation and enhancement of the Performing Arts Centre, and c. To offer a series of 	 2. The purposes of the Society are: a. To operate/enhance a theatre in a fiscally responsible manner for the benefit of the citizens of Greater Vernon b. To raise funds by way of public subscription, the obtaining of grants and financial assistance, and all such means as may be required to finance the operation and enhancement of the Performing Arts Centre, and c. To offer a series of performances and related

performances and related events for the purposes of educating artists and audiences and of advancing the public's understanding and appreciation of performing arts.	events for the purposes of educating artists and audiences and of advancing the public's understanding and appreciation of performing arts.
3. The operations of the Society are charitable and shall be carried on without purpose of gain for its members, and no part of any income of the Society shall be payable or otherwise available for the personal benefit of the members thereof, and any profits or other accretions to the Society shall be used for promoting its purposes. This provision is unalterable.	[moved to bylaws]
4. In the event of the winding up and dissolution of the Society, any funds and assets of the Society after the satisfaction of its debts and liabilities shall be paid, transferred or delivered to such one or more charitable organizations in Canada concerned with arts and culture or organizations having purposes similar to those of this Society, as may be determined by the members of this Society at the	[moved to bylaws]

time of winding up and	
dissolution; and in the event that	
effect can not be given to the	
aforesaid provisions, then such	
funds and assets shall be paid,	
transferred or delivered to	
another organization, provided	
however that such an	
organization be a registered	
charity recognised by Revenue	
Canada as being qualified as	
such under the provisions of the	
Income Tax Act of Canada in	
effect from time to time. This	
provision is unalterable.	

Model Bylaws	Old Bylaws	Suggested New	
Bylaws of [INSERT NAME] (the "Society")	As AMENDED IN 2009 BYLAWS	Bylaws of VERNON AND DISTRICT PERFORMING ARTS CENTRE SOCIETY (the "Society") PART 1 – DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION	
Part 1 – Definitions and Interpretation	PART 1 INTERPRETATION		
Definitions	1.1In these bylaws, unless the context otherwise requires,	Definitions	
1.1 In these Bylaws:	• "Directors" means the directors of the Society for the time being.	1.1 In these Bylaws:	
 "Act" means the Societies Act of British Columbia as amended from time to time; "Board" means the directors of the Society; "Bylaws" means these Bylaws as altered from time to time. 	 "Society Act" means the Society Act of the Province of British Columbia from time to time in force and all amendments to it. "Registered address" of a member means his address as recorded in the register of members. "Special resolution" means: A resolution passed in general meeting by a majority of not less than 75% of the votes of those members of the Society who, being entitled to do so, vote in person at such meeting: or A resolution consented to in writing by every 	 "Act" means the Societies Act of British Columbia as amended from time to time; "Board" means the directors of the Society; "Bylaws" means these Bylaws as altered from time to time. 	

	member of the Society who would have been entitled to vote on and in person and a resolution so consented to shall be deemed to be a special resolution passed at a general meeting of the Society.	
Definitions in Act apply	1.2The definitions in the Society Act on the date these bylaws become effective	Definitions in Act apply
1.2 The definitions in the Act apply to these Bylaws.	 apply to these bylaws. 1.3 Words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa; and words importing a male person include a female person and a corporation. 	1.2 The definitions in the Act apply to these Bylaws.
Conflict with Act or regulations		Conflict with Act or regulations
1.3 If there is a conflict between these Bylaws and the Act or the regulations under the Act, the Act or the regulations, as the case may be, prevail.		1.3 If there is a conflict between these Bylaws and the Act or the regulations under the Act, the Act or the regulations, as the case may be, prevail.
Part 2 – Members	PART 2 MEMBERSHIP	Part 2 – Members
Application for membership	Application for Membership2.1 The Society shall have two classes of	Application for membership
2.1 A person may apply to the Board	membership, namely active members and	2.1 A person may apply to the Board

	for membership in the Society, and the person becomes a member on the Board's acceptance of the application.	honorary members. The honorary members shall be such persons as may from time to time be appointed by the Directors in recognition of service to the Society.		for membership in the Society, and the person becomes a member on the Board's acceptance of the application.
		2.2 The members of the Society are the applicants for incorporation of the Society, and those persons who subsequently have become members, in accordance with these bylaws and, in either case, have not ceased to be members.	2.2	The Board may also appoint a person as an honorary member in recognition of service to the Society.
		2.3 A person may apply to the directors for membership in the Society and on acceptance by the directors shall be a member.		
Duti	es of members	Duties of Members 2.4 Every member shall uphold the	Duti	es of members
2.2	Every member must uphold the constitution of the Society and must comply with these Bylaws.	 constitution and comply with these bylaws. 2.5 Each member shall inform the Secretary or his or her designate in writing of his or her up-to-date address and e-mail address (if any) and fax number (if any) for the purposes of receiving notices from the Society. This is an ongoing obligation. 	2.2	Every member must uphold the constitution of the Society and must comply with these Bylaws.
Amo	unt of membership dues	Membership Dues 2.6 The amount of the first annual	Amo	ount of membership dues
2.3	The amount of the annual membership dues, if any, must be determined by the Board.	membership dues shall be determined by the Directors and thereafter the annual membership dues shall be determined at the annual general meeting of the Society.	2.3	The amount of the annual membership dues, if any, must be determined by the Board.
		2.7 Honorary members shall not be liable to		

		pay any entrance or membership fee or be entitled to vote at any meeting of members of the Society, but shall be entitled to receive a notice of and attend at the annual meeting. Cessation of Membership and Expulsion of		
2.4	A member is not in good standing if the member fails to pay the member's annual membership dues, if any, and the member is not in good standing for so long as those dues remain unpaid.	 Members 2.8 A person shall cease to be a member of the Society. a) by delivering his resignation in writing to the Secretary of the Society or by mailing or delivering it to the address of the Society, or b) his death or in the case of a corporation on dissolution, or c) on being expelled, or d) on having been a member not in good standing for 30 days. 2.9 A member may be expelled by a special resolution of the members passed at a general meeting. 2.10 The notice of special resolution for expulsion shall be accompanied by a brief statement of the reason or reasons for the proposed expulsion. 2.11 The person who is the subject of the proposed resolution for expulsion shall be accompanied by a brief statement of the reason or reasons for the proposed resolution for expulsion shall be yield at the general meeting before the special resolution is put to a vote. 2.12 All members are in good standing except 	2.4	hber not in good standing if the member fails to pay the member's annual membership dues, if any, and the member is not in good standing for so long as those dues remain unpaid.

		a member who has failed to pay his current annual membership fee or any other subscription or debt due and owing by him to the Society and he is not in good standing so long as the debt remains unpaid.		
Mem vote	ber not in good standing may not		Mem not	nber not in good standing may vote
2.5	A voting member who is not in good standing		2.5	A voting member who is not in good standing
	(a) may not vote at a general meeting, and			(a) may not vote at a general meeting, and
	(b) is deemed not to be a voting member for the purpose of consenting to a resolution of the voting members.			(b) is deemed not to be a voting member for the purpose of consenting to a resolution of the voting members.
	ination of membership if ber not in good standing			nination of membership if nber not in good standing
2.6	A person's membership in the Society is terminated if the person is not in good standing for 6 consecutive months.		2.6	A person's membership in the Society is terminated if the person is not in good standing for 6 consecutive months.
P/	ART 3 – G ENERAL MEETINGS OF MEMBERS	PART 3 MEETINGS OF MEMBERS	P	art 3 – General Meetings of Members

Time	e and place of general meeting	3.1 General meetings of the Society shall be	Time and place of general meeting
3.1	A general meeting must be held at the time and place the Board determines.	held at such time and place, in accordance with the Society Act, as the Directors decide.	3.1 A general meeting must be held at the time and place the Board determines.
Ordi	nary business at general meeting		Ordinary business at general
3.2	 At a general meeting, the following business is ordinary business: (a) adoption of rules of order; (b) consideration of any financial statements of the Society presented to the meeting; (c) consideration of the reports, if any, of the directors or auditor; (d) election or appointment of directors; (e) appointment of an auditor, if any; (f) business arising out of a report of the directors not requiring the passing of a special resolution. 	 3.2 Every general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, is an extraordinary general meeting. 3.3 The directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. 3.4 Notice of a general meeting shall specify the place, the day and the hour of the meeting, and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business. 3.5 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of a notice by, any of the members entitled to receive notice does not invalidate proceedings at that meeting. 3.6 The first annual general meeting of the Society shall be held not more than 15 months after the date of the incorporation and thereafter an annual general meeting shall be held at least once in every calendar 	 3.2 At a general meeting, the following business is ordinary business: (a) adoption of rules of order; (b) consideration of any financial statements of the Society presented to the meeting; (c) consideration of the reports, if any, of the directors or auditor; (d) election or appointment of directors; (e) appointment of an auditor, if any; (f) business arising out of a report of the directors not requiring the passing of a special resolution.

	year and not more than 15 months after the holding of the last preceding annual general meeting.	
Notice of special business	PART 4	Notice of special business
3.3 A notice of a general meeting must state the nature of any business, other than ordinary business, to be transacted at the meeting in sufficient detail to permit a member receiving the notice to form a reasoned judgment concerning that business.	 9ROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS 4.1 Special business is all business at an extraordinary general meeting except the adoption of rules of order, and all business that is transacted at an annual general meeting, except, a. the adoption of rules of order, b. the consideration of the financial statements, c. the report of the directors, d. the report of the auditor, if any, e. the election of directors, f. the appointment of the auditor, if required, and g. such other business as, under these bylaws, ought to be transacted at an annual general meeting, or business which is brought under consideration by the report of the directors issued with the notice convening the meeting. 	3.3 A notice of a general meeting must state the nature of any business, other than ordinary business, to be transacted at the meeting in sufficient detail to permit a member receiving the notice to form a reasoned judgment concerning that business.
	[see 4.2 to 4.5 below]	

Chai	r of general meeting	4.6 The President of the Society, the Vice-	Chai	r of general meeting
3.4	The following individual is entitled to preside as the chair of a general meeting:	President, or in the absence of both, one of the other Directors present shall preside as chairperson of a general meeting.	3.4	The following individual is entitled to preside as the chair of a general meeting:
	 (a) the individual, if any, appointed by the Board to preside as the chair; 			 (a) the individual, if any, appointed by the Board to preside as the chair;
	(b) if the Board has not appointed an individual to preside as the chair or the individual appointed by the Board is unable to preside as the chair,			(b) if the Board has not appointed an individual to preside as the chair or the individual appointed by the Board is unable to preside as the chair,
	 (i) the president, (ii) the vice-president, if the president is unable to preside as the chair, or 			 (i) the president, (ii) the vice-president, if the president is unable to preside as the chair, or
	(iii) one of the other directors present at the meeting, if both the president and vice-president are unable to preside as the chair.			(iii) one of the other directors present at the meeting, if both the president and vice-president are unable to preside as the chair.
Alternate chair of general meeting		4.7 If at a general meeting		rnate chair of general meeting
3.5	If there is no individual entitled under these Bylaws who is able to preside as the chair of a general	(i) there is no President, Vice-President, or other Director present within 15	3.5	If there is no individual entitled under these Bylaws who is able to preside as the chair of a general

	meeting within 15 minutes from the time set for holding the meeting, the voting members who are present must elect an individual present at the meeting to preside as the chair.	 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or (ii) the President and all the other Directors present are unwilling to act as chairperson, the members present shall choose one of their number to be chairperson. 		meeting within 15 minutes from the time set for holding the meeting, the voting members who are present must elect an individual present at the meeting to preside as the chair.
Quor 3.6	Business, other than the election of the chair of the meeting and the adjournment or termination of the meeting, must not be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of voting members is present.	4.2 No business, other than the election of a chairman and the adjournment or termination of the meeting, shall be conducted at a general meeting at a time when a quorum is not present.	Quor 3.6	Business, other than the election of the chair of the meeting and the adjournment or termination of the meeting, must not be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of voting members is present.
Quor 3.7	The quorum for the transaction of business at a general meeting is 3 voting members or 10% of the voting members, whichever is greater.	 [4.3 - see below] 4.4 A quorum is 9 members present or such greater number as the members may determine at a general meeting. 	Quor 3.7	The quorum for the transaction of business at a general meeting is 3 voting members or 10% of the voting members, whichever is greater.
Lack meet 3.8	of quorum at commencement of ting If, within 30 minutes from the time set for holding a general meeting, a quorum of voting members is not	4.5 If within 30 minutes from the time appointed for a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of members, shall be terminated; but in any other case, it shall stand adjourned	Lack meet 3.8	of quorum at commencement of ting If, within 30 minutes from the time set for holding a general meeting, a quorum of voting members is not

present,	to the same day in the next week, at the same	present,
 (a) in the case of a meeting convened on the requisition of members, the meeting is terminated, and 	time and place, and if, at the adjourned meeting, a quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, the members present constitute a quorum, providing there are at least nine members present.	 (a) in the case of a meeting convened on the requisition of members, the meeting is terminated, and
(b) in any other case, the meeting stands adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, and if, at the continuation of the adjourned meeting, a quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time set for holding the continuation of the adjourned meeting, the voting members who are present constitute a quorum for that meeting.		 (b) in any other case, the meeting stands adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, and if, at the continuation of the adjourned meeting, a quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time set for holding the continuation of the adjourned meeting, the voting members who are present constitute a quorum for that meeting.

If quorum ceases to be present		4.3 If at any time during a general meeting		orum ceases to be present
3.9	If, at any time during a general meeting, there ceases to be a quorum of voting members present, business then in progress must be suspended until there is a quorum present or until the meeting is adjourned or terminated.	there ceases to be a quorum present, business then in progress shall be suspended until there is a quorum present or until the meeting is adjourned or terminated.	3.9	If, at any time during a general meeting, there ceases to be a quorum of voting members present, business then in progress must be suspended until there is a quorum present or until the meeting is adjourned or terminated.
Adjo	urnments by chair	4.8 A general meeting may be adjourned from	Adjo	urnments by chair
3.10	The chair of a general meeting may, or, if so directed by the voting members at the meeting, must, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business may be transacted at the continuation of the adjourned meeting other than business left unfinished at the adjourned meeting.	time to time and place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.	3.10	The chair of a general meeting may, or, if so directed by the voting members at the meeting, must, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business may be transacted at the continuation of the adjourned meeting other than business left unfinished at the adjourned meeting.
	e of continuation of adjourned ral meeting	4.9 When a meeting is adjourned for 10 days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall		ce of continuation of adjourned ral meeting
3.11	It is not necessary to give notice of a continuation of an adjourned general meeting or of the business to be transacted at a continuation of an adjourned general meeting	 be given as in the case of the original meeting. 4.10 Except as provided in this by-law, it is not necessary to give notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned general meeting. 	3.11	It is not necessary to give notice of a continuation of an adjourned general meeting or of the business to be transacted at a continuation of an adjourned general meeting

except that, when a general meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more, notice of the continuation of the adjourned meeting must be given.		except that, when a general meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more, notice of the continuation of the adjourned meeting must be given.
	 4.11 No resolution proposed at a meeting need be seconded and the chairman of a meeting may move or propose a resolution. 4.12 In case of an equality of votes the chairman shall not have a casting or second vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a member and the proposed resolution shall not pass. 4.13 A member in good standing present at a meeting of members is entitled to one vote. 	
Order of business at general meeting		Order of business at general meeting
3.12 The order of business at a general meeting is as follows:		3.12 The order of business at a general meeting is as follows:
(a) elect an individual to chair the meeting, if necessary;		(a) elect an individual to chair the meeting, if necessary;
(b) determine that there is a quorum;		(b) determine that there is a quorum;
(c) approve the agenda;		(c) approve the agenda;
(d) approve the minutes from the last general meeting;		(d) approve the minutes from the last general meeting;

(e) deal with unfinished	(e) deal with unfinished
business from the last	business from the last
general meeting;	general meeting;
(f) if the meeting is an annual	(f) if the meeting is an annual
general meeting,	general meeting,
(i) receive the directors'	(i) receive the directors'
report on the financial	report on the
statements of the	financial statements
Society for the	of the Society for the
previous financial	previous financial
year, and the	year, and the
auditor's report, if	auditor's report, if
any, on those	any, on those
statements,	statements,
(ii) receive any other	(ii) receive any other
reports of directors'	reports of directors'
activities and	activities and
decisions since the	decisions since the
previous annual	previous annual
general meeting,	general meeting,
(iii) elect or appoint	(iii) elect or appoint
directors, and	directors, and
(iv) appoint an auditor, if	(iv) appoint an auditor, if
any;	any;
(g) deal with new business,	(g) deal with new business,
including any matters about	including any matters
which notice has been given	about which notice has
to the members in the	been given to the members
notice of meeting;	in the notice of meeting;
(h) terminate the meeting.	(h) terminate the meeting.

Methods of voting	4.14 Voting is by show of hands.	Methods of voting
3.13 At a general meeting, voting must be by a show of hands, an oral vote or another method that adequately discloses the intention of the voting members, except that if, before or after such a vote, 2 or more voting members request a secret ballot or a secret ballot is directed by the chair of the meeting, voting must be by a secret ballot.	[4.15 see below] 4.16 A corporate member may vote by its authorized representative, who is entitled to speak and vote, and in all other respects exercise the rights of a member and that representative shall be reckoned as a member for all purposes with respect to a meeting of the Society.	3.13 At a general meeting, voting must be by a show of hands, an oral vote or another method that adequately discloses the intention of the voting members, except that if, before or after such a vote, 2 or more voting members request a secret ballot or a secret ballot is directed by the chair of the meeting, voting must be by a secret ballot.
Announcement of result		Announcement of result
3.14 The chair of a general meeting must announce the outcome of each vote and that outcome must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.		3.14 The chair of a general meeting must announce the outcome of each vote and that outcome must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
Proxy voting not permitted	4.15 Voting by proxy is not permitted.	Proxy voting not permitted
3.15 Voting by proxy is not permitted.		3.15 Voting by proxy is not permitted.
Matters decided at general meeting by ordinary resolution	[see definition in 1.1 (f)]	Matters decided at general meeting by ordinary resolution
3.16 A matter to be decided at a general meeting must be decided by ordinary resolution unless the		3.16 A matter to be decided at a general meeting must be decided by ordinary resolution unless the

matter is required by the Act or these Bylaws to be decided by special resolution or by another resolution having a higher voting threshold than the threshold for an ordinary resolution.		matter is required by the Act or these Bylaws to be decided by special resolution or by another resolution having a higher voting threshold than the threshold for an ordinary resolution.
Part 4 – Directors	PART 5 DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS	Part 4 – Directors
	 5.1 The Directors may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as the Society may exercise and do, and which are not by these by-laws or by statute or otherwise lawfully directed or required to be exercised or done by the Society in general meeting, but subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of a) all laws affecting the Society, b) these by-laws, and c) rules, not being inconsistent with these by-laws, which are made from time to time by the Society in general meeting. 5.2 No rule, made by the Society in general meeting, invalidates a prior act of the directors that would have been valid if that rule had not been made. 	
Number of directors on Board	Number of Directors5.3 The number of directors shall be:	Number of directors on Board
4.1 The Society must have no fewer than 3 and no more than 11	a) 9 elected Directors, or such greater number of elected Directors as may be	4.1 The Society must have no fewer than 3 and no more than 12 directors, with up to 10 being

	directors.	 determined from time to time at a general meeting; b) such other Directors to a maximum of 6 such Directors, as the elected Directors may appoint by ordinary resolution from time to time, such Directors to hold office for such length of time as the elected Directors shall determine. 	4.2	elected directors. The City of Vernon and the Regional District of North Okanagan may each appoint one director.
Elec	tion or appointment of directors	Terms of Directors and Their Replacement	Elect	tion or appointment of directors
4.2	At each annual general meeting, the voting members entitled to vote for the election or appointment of directors must elect or appoint the Board.	 5.4 At the first annual general meeting, all directors shall retire from office and the membership shall elect 5 Directors to serve a two year term and not less than 4 Directors to serve a one year term. 5.5 Subject to the provisions of Bylaws 5.4, 5.8, 5.9, 5.10 and 5.12, a Director shall retire from office at the second annual general meeting following his or her election, when his or her successor shall be elected. 5.6 Separate elections shall be held for each office to be filled. 5.7 An election may be by acclamation, otherwise it shall be by ballot. 5.8 If no successor is elected the person previously elected or appointed continues to hold office. 5.9 The Directors may at any time and from 	4.2	At each annual general meeting, the voting members entitled to vote for the election or appointment of directors must elect or appoint the Board.

		 time to time appoint a member as a Director to fill a vacancy in the Directors. 5.10 A Director so appointed holds office only until the conclusion of the next following annual general meeting of the Society, but is eligible for re-election at the meeting. 5.11 For a first meeting of Directors held immediately following the appointment or election of a Director or Directors at an annual or other general meeting of members, or for a meeting of the Directors at which a Director is appointed to fill a vacancy in the Directors, it is not necessary to give notice of the meeting to the newly-elected or appointed Director or Directors is present. 		
Direc Boar	ctors may fill casual vacancy on d		Dire Boai	ctors may fill casual vacancy on rd
4.3	The Board may, at any time, appoint a member as a director to fill a vacancy that arises on the Board as a result of the resignation, death or incapacity of a director during the director's term of office.		4.3	The Board may, at any time, appoint a member as a director to fill a vacancy that arises on the Board as a result of the resignation, death or incapacity of a director during the director's term of office.

 Term of appointment of director filling casual vacancy 4.4 A director appointed by the Board to fill a vacancy ceases to be a director at the end of the unexpired portion of the term of office of the individual whose departure from office created the vacancy. 	 [see 5.5 above] Removal of Directors 5.12 The members may by special resolution remove a Director before the expiration of his or her term of office, and may elect a successor to complete the term of office. 5.13 The Directors may by a two-thirds vote of Directors present remove a Director for any reason and appoint a replacement. A Director subject to a vote for removal must be given at least seven days written notice of such a meeting, and a brief description of the reason. He or she will also be given the opportunity to defend in person or by agent prior to the vote being taken at the meeting. [See below for 5.14 to 5.19] 	 Term of appointment of director 4.4 A director elected to the Board ceases to be a director at the end of the second annual general meeting of the Society following their election. A director may be re-elected. [new] 4.5 A director appointed by the Board to fill a vacancy ceases to be a director at the end of the unexpired portion of the term of office of the individual whose departure from office created the vacancy.
Part 5 – Directors' Meetings	PART 6 PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS	Part 5 – Directors' Meetings
Calling directors' meeting5.1 A directors' meeting may be called by the president or by any 2 other directors.	6.1 The Directors may meet together at such places as they think fit for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings, as they see fit. (provided that such regulations are not inconsistent with the constitution of the Society and these By-laws). The meetings may be held in whole or in part, by telephone or other communications medium if all Directors	Calling directors' meeting5.1 A directors' meeting may be called by the president or by any 2 other directors.

Resolutions in Writing	
6.5 The Directors may from time to time fix the quorum necessary for the transaction of business and unless so fixed the quorum shall be the lessor of 5 or one half of the Directors then in office.	
Quorum	
In Camera Meetings 6.4 The Directors and its Committees may hold meetings in camera. Every Director shall keep confidential information in such a meeting unless the release of such information is required by law or is allowed for by a decision or policy of the Directors.	
chairperson at that meeting.6.3 A Director may at any time, and the Secretary, on the request of a Director, shall, convene a meeting of the Directors.	
6.2 The President shall be chairperson of all meetings of the Directors; but if at any meeting the President is not present within 30 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Vice-President shall act as chairman, but if neither is present the Directors present may choose one of their number to be	
participating in the meeting, whether by telephone, by other communications media or in person, are able to communicate with each other.	

6.6 A resolution in writing, signed by all the Directors and placed with the minutes of the Directors is as valid and effective as if regularly passed at a meeting of Directors.

Committees

6.7 The Directors may delegate such of their duties and powers as they may think fit from time to time to committees, such committees to consist of such persons as the Directors think fit.

6.8 A committee so formed in the exercise of the powers so delegated shall conform to any rules that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Directors.

6.9 Subject to directions of the Directors, the committee shall determine its own procedure.

6.10 The members of a committee may meet and adjourn as they think proper.

Executive Committee

6.11 One of the Committees of the Directors shall be the Executive Committee comprised of the President and other Directors selected by the Directors.

Leave of Absences

6.12 The Directors may grant a leave of absence to a Director or Officer on terms and conditions the directors consider advisable.

6.13 The Directors may appoint an acting

Director or Officer to fulfill the duties of the	
director or Officer given a leave of absence.	
Miscellaneous Matters	
6.14 No act or proceeding of the Directors is	
invalid only by reason of there being less than	
the prescribed number of Directors in office.	
-	
6.15 A Director who may be absent	
temporarily may send or deliver to the address	
of the Society a waiver of notice in writing of	
any meeting of the Directors and may, at any	
time, withdraw the waiver, and until the	
waiver is withdrawn,	
a) no notice of meeting of Directors	
shall be sent to that Director, and	
shan be sent to that Director, and	
b) Any and all meeting of the Directors	
of the Society, notice of which has not	
been given to that Director shall, if a	
quorum of Directors is present, be valid	
and effective.	
and effective.	
616 Quantions origing at any masting of the	
6.16 Questions arising at any meeting of the	
Directors and committee of Directors shall be	
decided by a majority of votes.	
(17 In seas of an aquality of states the	
6.17 In case of an equality of votes the	
chairperson does not have a second or casting	
vote.	
6.18 No resolution proposed at a meeting of	
Directors or committee of Directors need be	
seconded	

		6.19 The chairperson of a meeting may move or propose a resolution.		
Noti	ce of directors' meeting		Noti	ce of directors' meeting
5.2	At least 2 days' notice of a directors' meeting must be given unless all the directors agree to a shorter notice period.		5.2	At least 2 days' notice of a directors' meeting must be given unless all the directors agree to a shorter notice period.
	eedings valid despite omission to notice			ceedings valid despite omission ive notice
5.3	The accidental omission to give notice of a directors' meeting to a director, or the non-receipt of a notice by a director, does not invalidate proceedings at the meeting.		5.3	The accidental omission to give notice of a directors' meeting to a director, or the non-receipt of a notice by a director, does not invalidate proceedings at the meeting.
Cond	luct of directors' meetings	5.1 The Directors may exercise all such	Con	duct of directors' meetings
5.4	The directors may regulate their meetings and proceedings as they think fit.	powers and do all such acts and things as the Society may exercise and do, and which are not by these by-laws or by statute or otherwise lawfully directed or required to be exercised or done by the Society in general meeting, but subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of (i) all laws affecting the Society, (ii) these by-laws, and (iii) rules, not being inconsistent with these by-laws, which are made from	5.4	The directors may regulate their meetings and proceedings as they think fit.

		time to time by the Society in general meeting. 5.1 No rule, made by the Society in general meeting, invalidates a prior act of the directors that would have been valid if that rule had not been made.	
Quo	rum of directors		Quorum of directors
5.5	The quorum for the transaction of business at a directors' meeting is a majority of the directors.	[See 6.5 above]	5.5 The quorum for the transaction of business at a directors' meeting is a majority of the directors.
	Part 6 – Board Positions	PART 7 DUTIES OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS	PART 6 – BOARD POSITIONS
Election or appointment to Board positions		Officers 5.14 The President, Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer and one or more appointed upon	Election or appointment to Board positions
6.1	Directors must be elected or appointed to the following Board positions, and a director, other than the president, may hold more than one position:	 incorporation or as determined by the members shall be the Officers of the Society and shall be elected at the annual general meeting. 5.15 An Officer must be a Director and ceases 	6.1 Directors must be elected or appointed to the following Board positions, and a director, other than the president, may hold more than one position:
	(a) president;	to be an Officer when he or she ceases to be a	(a) president;
	(b) vice-president;	Director.	(b) vice-president;
	(c) secretary;	5.16 Officers shall serve for one Officer term,	(c) secretary;
	(d) treasurer.	upon election.	(d) treasurer.
		5.17 The Directors may at any time appoint a	

		 director to fill any Officer vacancy. 5.18 Any Officer so appointed shall serve the unexpired officer term of the Officer he or she is replacing. 5.19 No Director shall be remunerated for being or acting as a Director but a director shall be reimbursed for all approved expenses necessarily and reasonably incurred by him or her while engaged in the affairs of the Society. 		
Dire	ctors at large		Dire	ctors at large
6.2	Directors who are elected or appointed to positions on the Board in addition to the positions described in these Bylaws are elected or appointed as directors at large.		6.2	Directors who are elected or appointed to positions on the Board in addition to the positions described in these Bylaws are elected or appointed as directors at large.
Role	of president	7.1 The president shall preside at all meeting	Role	of president
6.3	The president is the chair of the Board and is responsible for supervising the other directors in the execution of their duties.	 of the Society and of the directors. 7.2 The president is the chief executive officer of the Society and shall supervise the other officers in the execution of their duties. 	6.3	The president is the chair of the Board and is responsible for supervising the other directors in the execution of their duties.
Role	of vice-president	7.3 The vice-president shall carry out the	Role	of vice-president
6.4	The vice-president is the vice-chair of the Board and is responsible for	ir duties of the president during his absence. 6.		The vice-president is the vice-chair of the Board and is responsible for
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	carrying out the duties of the president if the president if the president is unable to act.			carrying out the duties of the president if the president is unable to act.
Role	of secretary	7.4 The Secretary shall	Role	e of secretary
6.5	 The secretary is responsible for doing, or making the necessary arrangements for, the following: (a) issuing notices of general meetings and directors' meetings; (b) taking minutes of general meetings and directors' meetings; (c) keeping the records of the Society in accordance with the Act; (d) conducting the correspondence of the Board; (e) filing the annual report of the Society and making any other filings with the registrar under the Act. 	 (i) conduct the correspondence of the Society, (ii) issue notices of meeting of the Society and directors, (iii) keep minutes of all meetings of the Society and directors, (iv) have custody of all records and documents of the Society except those required to be kept by the treasurer, (v) have custody of the common seal of the Society, and (vi) maintain the register of members. 	6.5	 The secretary is responsible for doing, or making the necessary arrangements for, the following: (a) issuing notices of general meetings and directors' meetings; (b) taking minutes of general meetings and directors' meetings; (c) keeping the records of the Society in accordance with the Act; (d) conducting the correspondence of the Board; (e) filing the annual report of the Society and making any other filings with the registrar under the Act.
Abse	ence of secretary from meeting	7.8 In the absence of the secretary from a	Abse	ence of secretary from meeting
6.6	In the absence of the secretary from a meeting, the Board must appoint another individual to act as	meeting, the directors shall appoint another person to act as secretary at the meeting.	6.6	In the absence of the secretary from a meeting, the Board must appoint another individual to act as

S	ecretary at the meeting.		secretary at the meeting.
6.7 The treasurer is responsible for		 7.5 The treasurer shall (i) keep such financial records, including books of account, as are 	Role of treasurer6.7 The treasurer is responsible for
	loing, or making the necessary prrangements for, the following:	necessary to comply with the Society Act, and (ii) render financial statements to the directors, members and others when required.	doing, or making the necessary arrangements for, the following:
	 (a) receiving and banking monies collected from the members or other sources; 		 (a) receiving and banking monies collected from the members or other sources;
	(b) keeping accounting records in respect of the Society's financial transactions;		(b) keeping accounting records in respect of the Society's financial transactions;
	(c) preparing the Society's financial statements;		(c) preparing the Society's financial statements;
	(d) making the Society's filings respecting taxes.		(d) making the Society's filings respecting taxes.
		7.6 The offices of the secretary and treasurer may be held by one person who shall be known as secretary-treasurer.	
		7.7 When a secretary-treasurer holds office the total number of directors shall not be less than 5 or such greater number as may have been determined pursuant to By-law 5.4.	
	art 7 – Remuneration of tors and Signing Authority		Part 7 – Remuneration of Directors and Signing Authority

Remuneration of directors		5.14 No director shall be remunerated for		Remuneration of directors	
7.1	These Bylaws do not permit the Society to pay to a director remuneration for being a director, but the Society may, subject to the Act, pay remuneration to a director for services provided by the director to the Society in another capacity.	being or acting as a director but a director shall be reimbursed for all approved expenses necessarily and reasonably incurred by him while engaged in the affairs of the Society.	7.1	These Bylaws do not permit the Society to pay to a director remuneration for being a director, but the Society may, subject to the Act, pay remuneration to a director for services provided by the director to the Society in another capacity.	
Sign	ing authority	PART 8	Sign	ing authority	
7.2	 A contract or other record to be signed by the Society must be signed on behalf of the Society (a) by the president, together with one other director, (b) if the president is unable to provide a signature, by the vice-president together with one other director, (c) if the president and vice-president are both unable to provide signatures, by any 2 	 SEAL 8.1 The Directors may provide a common seal for the Society and they shall have the power from time to time to destroy it and substitute a new seal in place of the seal destroyed. 8.2 The common seal shall be affixed only in the presence of any two officers of the Society or by such other persons as may be authorized by resolution of the Directors from time to time. 	7.2	 A contract or other record to be signed by the Society must be signed on behalf of the Society (a) by the president, together with one other director, (b) if the president is unable to provide a signature, by the vice-president together with one other director, (c) if the president and vice-president are both unable to provide signatures, by 	
	other directors, or (d) in any case, by one or more individuals authorized by the Board to sign the record on behalf of the Society.			any 2 other directors, or (d) in any case, by one or more individuals authorized by the Board to sign the record on behalf of the Society.	

	PART 9	
	BORROWING	
	 9.1 In order to carry out the purposes of the Society the Directors may, on behalf of and in the name of the Society, raise or secure the payment or repayment of money in such manner as they decide and in particular but without limiting the generality of the forgoing, by the issue of debentures. 9.2 No debenture shall be issued without the sanction of a special resolution. 9.3 The members may by special resolution restrict the borrowing powers of the Directors but a restriction so imposed expires at the next annual general meeting. 	
	PART 10	
	AUDITOR	
	AUDITOR	
	10.1 This Part applies only where the	
	Society is required or has resolved to	
	have an auditor. 10.2 The first auditor shall be appointed by	
	the directors, who shall also fill all	
	vacancies occurring in the office of	
	auditor.	
	10.3 At each annual general meeting the Society shall appoint an auditor to hold	
	office until he or she is re-elected or his	
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	 or her successor is elected at the next annual general meeting. a. An auditor may be removed by ordinary resolution. 10.4 An auditor shall be informed forthwith in writing of appointment or removal. 10.5 No Director and no employee of the Society shall be auditor. 10.6 The auditor may attend general meetings. 	
	PART 11	
	INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS BY	
	MEMBERS	
	Inspection by Members	
	11.1 The following documents shall not be open to inspection by members:	
	 a) Documents designated by the Directors as confidential documents; b) Documents related to employees; c) Documents related to in-camera sessions of the Directors or Committee of the Directors. 	
	11.2 A member wishing to inspect documents of the Society must give at least thirty days written notice to the Secretary of the Society setting out the specific documents to be inspected.	
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PART 12

NOTICES TO MEMBERS

12.1 A notice may be given to a member, either personally or by mail to him at his or her registered address.

12.2 A notice sent by mail shall be deemed to have been given on the second day following that on which the notice is posted, and in proving that notice has been given it is sufficient to prove that the notice was properly addressed and put in a Canadian post office receptacle.

12.3 A notice may also be given to a member by emailing it to an email address provided by the member or faxing to a number provided by the member.

12.4 A notice sent by email or fax shall be deemed to have been given on the second day following that on which the notice is sent by email or fax, and in proving that notice has been given it is sufficient to prove that the notice was sent to the email address or fax number provided by the member as required by these By-laws.

12.5 Notice of a general meeting shall be given to

a) every member shown on the register of members on the day notice given, and

b) the auditor, if Part 10 applies.		
12.6 No other person is entitled to receive a notice of general meeting.		
 PART 13 BY-LAWS 13.1 These by-laws shall not be altered or added to except by special resolution. 13.2 After being admitted a member is entitled to a copy of the Constitution and By- laws upon paying the sum of \$5.00. 		
[transferred from 2009 Constitution, as required by Societies Act]		PART 8 – UNALTERABLE
	8.1	The purposes of the Society are charitable and shall be carried on without purpose of gain for its members, and no part of the Society shall be payable or otherwise available for the personal benefit of the members thereof, and any profits or other accretions to the Society shall be for promoting its purposes. This provision is unalterable.
	8.2	In the event of the winding up and

	dissolution of the Society, any funds and assets of the Society after the satisfaction of its debts and liabilities shall be paid, transferred or delivered to such one or more charitable organizations in Canada concerned with arts and culture or organizations having purposes similar to those of this Society, as may be determined by the members of this Society at the time of winding up and dissolution; and in the event that effect can not be given to the aforesaid provisions, then such funds and assets shall be paid, transferred or delivered to another organization, provided however that such an organization be a registered charity recognised by Revenue Canada as being qualified as such under the provisions of the Income Tax Act of Canada in effect from time to time. This provision is unalterable.
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